Wealth.—Table 2 shows approximately, by provinces, the gross agricultural wealth of the Dominion in 1927, with totals for 1923-26.

2.—Estimated	Gross Agricultural We	ealth of Canada,	by Provinces, 1927,
	with Totals for 1923-19	926. ("'000'' omit	tted)

Provinces.	Lands.	Buildings.	Imple- ments and n achin- ery.	Live stock.	Poultry.	Animals on fur farms.	Agri- cultural pro- duction.	Total.
	8	8			\$	\$	\$	\$
P.E. Island	28,476 49,155 61,112 546,666 808,124 315,245 877,042 523,221 107,020	51,173 45,158 285,530 491,330 113,005 216,398 121,765	6,870 10,146 13,545 111,940 169,954 67,848 176,676 98,814 9,379	9,445 19,630 16,592 142,871 261,673 65,107 140,925 118,917 23,979		663 957	39,233 33,899 286,430 506,604 116,651 403,915 326,257	170,879 172,359 1,383,730 2,261,678 682,703 1,821,574 1,195,239
Total, 1927 Total, 1926 Total, 1925 Total, 1924 Total, 1923	3,316,061 3,316,061 3,316,061 3,316,061 3,316,061	1,382,684 1,382,684	665,172 685,172 665,172 665,172 665,172	799,139 696,472 704,287 641,144 613,260	52,958 51,037 47,171 42,434 39,840	11,068 9,898	1,683,526 1,666,160 1,494,771	7,791,373 7,550,655

Subject to revision.

The values of buildings, lands, implements and machinery for the census year 1921 were considerably more than the values previously used in these calculations, which were based upon the census of 1911. The increase for the three items during the decade amounted to \$1,115,986,000. There has, however, undoubtedly been a fall in the value of land during the last six years, consequent upon the fall in the prices of agricultural products and live stock, and there may also have been some change in the values of buildings, machinery and implements, but to what extent it is impossible to state. The estimates collected from crop correspondents of the value per acre of land, including buildings, show a drop in the value of land per acre from \$40 in 1921 to \$38 in 1927, resulting from decreases in most of the provinces. The rates of change thus shown have been applied to the census data, with the result that the census figure of \$3,702,370,000, the value of land in 1921, becomes \$3,316,061,000 as the estimated value in 1923 to 1927.

Altogether, the gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1927 may be estimated at \$8,010,181,000, as compared with \$7,806,020,000 in 1926. The increase of \$204,161,000 or $2\cdot62$ p.c. is chiefly due to increased values of live stock and agricultural production.

Subsection 2.—Acreage, Yield, Quality and Value of Field Crops.

The Chief Field Crops of the Last Twenty Years.—In Table 3 will be found a summary statement of the acreage, yield and value of the field crops of wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, flaxseed, potatoes, hay and clover and alfalfa for the last 20 years. From this summary table may be seen in perspective the recent growth of Canadian agriculture. In particular may be noted the quadrupling of the wheat crop, the almost doubling of the oat crop, the tripling of the barley crop, the nine-fold increase in the rye crop, the doubling of the flaxseed crop, the 50 p.c. addition to the hay and clover crop and the nine-fold increase in the alfalfa crop, within the past 20 years. On the other hand, the acreage and yield of the potato crop has remained about the same throughout the period, presumably